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APPLICATION NO. ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR CONFIRMATION NO. 09/503,676 02/14/2000 Michael Joseph Johnson RAL9-99-0124 7028 25299 7590 07/15/2004 EXAMINER IBM CORPORATION WON, MICHAEL YOUNG PO BOX 12195 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER DEPT 9CCA, BLDG 002

> 2155 DATE MAILED: 07/15/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Supplemental Office Action Summary	09/503,676	JOHNSON, MICHAEL JOSEPH
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Michael Y Won	2155
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	ppears on the cover sheet with th	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replant of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuted that the period for reply will, by statuted the period for reply will, by statuted the period for reply will, by statuted the period for reply will.	.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply b ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS te, cause the application to become ABAND	be timely filed days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 I 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allows 	is action is non-final.	prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-27 and 29-47 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-27 and 29-47 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.		
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposite and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the same of the	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. ction is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 		
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)	nary (PTO-413) il Date al Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-27 and 29-47 are pending with this action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1, 2, 4-6, 9-11, 13-15, 18-20, 22-24, 27, 29-34, 36, 38-44, and 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Wilson et al. (US 6,651,117 B1).

INDEPENDENT:

As per claims 1, 2, 6, 10, 11, 15, 19, 20, and 24, Wilson teaches of a network having a sending computer system and a receiving computer system, each of the sending and receiving computer systems including a processor, a memory (see col.7, lines 24) and a network adapter (see col.6, line 10: NIC), the memory containing a data

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structure used for storing a common data buffer (see col.6, lines 44-48), a method, system, and a computer readable medium containing a computer program, for sending and receiving payload data by layers or sub-layers (see Fig.1) of at least one communications protocol (see abstract), the method comprising the steps of: (a) storing a first start pointer pointing to a first byte of the payload data in a first common data buffer of the sending computer system (see col.6, lines 62-67); (b) adding a first header (see col.3, line 59-60) to the payload data in the first common data buffer at a location preceding the byte pointed to by the first start pointer according to a first protocol layer of the communications protocol at the sending computer system (see col.6, line 67 to col.7, line 4); (c) adjusting the first start pointer to point to a first byte of the first header (see col.6, lines 5-8); (d) invoking a send procedure of a second and lower protocol layer of the communications protocol at the sending computer system (see col.6, lines 62-64 and col.8, lines 34-35); (e) transferring to the second protocol layer the start pointer by the send procedure, wherein the payload data is not copied in preparation for or during the send procedure (see col.2, lines 59-61; col.3, lines 51-58; and col.6, lines 1-8); (f) adding a second header to the payload data in the first common data buffer at a location preceding the first start pointer (see col.6, line 67 to col.7, line 4) {NOTE: Wilson teaches essentially that prior art network layer communication is allowed (see col.3, lines 51-52), thus the number of protocol layers does not functionally distinguish the invention and furthermore, after each succession of layers the pointers are clearly adjusted (see col.6, lines 5-8); (q) sending the

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payload data and the first and second headers to the receiving computer system (see col.8, lines 34-35); (h) storing the payload data and the first and second headers in a second common data buffer of the receiving computer system (see col.9, lines 10-12); (i) invoking a receive procedure of a second protocol layer of the communications protocol at the receiving computer system (see col.9, lines 19-24); (i) storing a pointer and end pointer to the payload data and also storing a second start pointer pointing to a first byte of the second header in the second common data buffer (see col.9, lines 45-48); (k) adjusting a the second start pointer to point to the first byte of the first header according to the second protocol layer at the receiving computer system (see col.6, lines 5-8); (I) invoking a receive procedure of a first and higher protocol layer of the communications protocol at the receiving computer system (see note above and col.9, lines 19-24); and (m) transferring to the first protocol layer at the receiving computer system the second start pointer (see note above), wherein the payload data is not copied in preparation for or during the receive procedure (see col.2, lines 59-61; col.3, lines 51-58; and col.6, lines 1-8).

As per claims 29, 38, and 39, Wilson teaches a method, a system, and a computer readable medium containing a computer program for processing payload data in a computer system using layers of a network communications protocol (see abstract), the method, system and program comprising the steps of: (a) storing the payload data in a data buffer (see col.6, lines 3-5); (b) processing the payload data using a first protocol layer of the network communications protocol (see col.2, lines 39-

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48); and (c) processing the payload data using a second protocol layer of the network communications protocol (see note above and col.2, lines 39-48), wherein the payload data is not copied during and between being processed by the first and second protocol layers (see col.2, lines 59-61; col.3, lines 51-58; and col.6, lines 1-8).

DEPENDENT:

As per claims 4, 13, and 22, Wilson further teaches wherein the transferring step includes any application data or information required by the send procedure of the second and lower protocol layer (see col.6, lines 41-55).

As per claims 5, 14, and 23, Wilson teaches of further comprising the step of (f) adjusting a size of the payload data to be sent by the second and lower protocol layer by adjusting the end pointer (see col.6, lines 5-8).

As per claims 9, 18, and 27, Wilson teaches of further comprising the step of (m) transferring any application data or information required by the receive procedure of the first and higher protocol layer **{NOTE:** Wilson teaches essentially that prior art network layer communication is allowed (see col.3, lines 51-52), thus the number of protocol layers does not functionally distinguish the invention and furthermore, after each succession of layers the pointers are clearly adjusted (see col.6, lines 5-8).

As per claims 30 and 40, Wilson further teaches wherein the payload data does not move within the data buffer during and between being processed by the first and second protocol layers (see col.2, lines 59-61; col.3, lines 51-58; and col.6, lines 1-8).

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As per claims 31 and 41, Wilson further teaches wherein the processing step (a) further comprises the steps of (a2) positioning a first pointer to point to a first byte of the payload data; and (a3) positioning a second pointer to point to a last byte of the payload data, wherein the first protocol layer uses the first and second pointers to locate the payload data for processing (see col.6, lines 40-55).

As per claims 32 and 42, Wilson further teaches wherein the processing step (b) further comprises the steps of: (b2) adding a first element to the payload data; and (b3) moving the second pointer to point to a last byte of the first element, wherein the first pointer does not move when the first element is added (see col.6, lines 40-55).

As per claims 33 and 43, Wilson further teaches wherein the processing step (c) further comprises the steps of (c2) adding a second element to the payload data; and (c3) moving the second pointer to point to a last byte of the second element, wherein the second protocol layer uses the first and second pointers to locate the payload data and the first element to add the second element, wherein the first pointer does not move when the second element is added (see col.6, lines 40-55).

As per claims 34 and 44, Wilson further teaches wherein the first element comprises a header associated with the first protocol layer (see col.3, lines 59-65).

As per claims 36 and 46, Wilson further teaches wherein the second element comprises a header associated with the second protocol layer (see col.3, lines 59-65).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 3, 7, 8, 12, 16, 17, 21, 25, 26, 35, 37, 45, and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wilson et al. (US 6,651,117 B1) in view of Boucher et al. (US 6226680 B1).

As per claims 3, 12, and 21, Wilson does not explicitly teach wherein a checksum is added to the header in the common data buffer preceding the payload data being sent. Boucher teaches wherein a checksum is added to the header in the common data buffer preceding the payload data being sent (see col.8, line 67 to col.9, line 3). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to employ the teachings of Boucher within the system of Wilson by implementing adding checksum to the header in the common data buffer preceding the payload data being sent within the method, system, and program of sending and receiving payload data because this will notify to the receiving device that the data is correct and not corrupt. Wilson teaches of this error checking functionality in the transport layer of the conventional method (see col.2, lines 1-3).

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As per claims 7, 16, and 25, Wilson does not explicitly teach wherein a checksum following the header and added by the sending computer system is removed from the received payload data in the common data buffer. Boucher teaches wherein a checksum following the header and added by the sending computer system is removed from the received payload data in the common data buffer (see col.7, lines 21-24). See motivation for claims 3, 12, and 21 rejection above.

As per claims 8, 17, and 26, Wilson does not explicitly teach wherein the checksum is removed by adjusting the start pointer of the common data buffer to point to a memory location following the checksum. Boucher teaches wherein the checksum is removed by adjusting the start pointer of the common data buffer to point to a memory location following the checksum (see col.7, lines 21-27). See motivation for claims 3, 12, and 21 rejection above.

As per claims 35 and 45, Wilson does not explicitly teach wherein the first element comprises a checksum associated with the first protocol layer. Boucher teaches wherein the first element comprises a checksum associated with the first protocol layer (see col.6, lines 33-37 and col.8, line 67 to col.9, line 3). See motivation for claims 3, 12, and 21 rejection above

As per claims 37 and 47, Wilson does not explicitly teach wherein the second element comprises a checksum associated with the second protocol layer. Boucher teaches wherein the second element comprises a checksum associated with the second

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protocol layer (see col.6, lines 33-37 and col.8, line 67 to col.9, line 3). See motivation for claims 3, 12, and 21 rejection above

Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-27 and 29-47 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Y Won whose telephone number is 703-605-4241. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th: 6AM-3PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hosain T Alam can be reached on 703-308-6662. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Michael Y Won

June 30, 2004

PATRICE WINDER
PRIMARY EXAMINER